Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Techspray E-line Flux Remover EUR1621A-400S (UK - Great Britain)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Techspray E-line Flux Remover EUR1621A-400S (UK - Great Britain)
Product code	: EUR1621A-400S
Product description	: Fluxing agents Remover. Industrial/Professional use
Product type	: Aerosol.
Other means of identification	: Fluxing agents Remover. Industrial/Professional use UFI:1S2C-E0G0-X008-ENC0

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Fluxing agents Remover.

Uses advised against Not applicable.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: Importer/Only Representative Bay 150 Shannon Industrial Estate Shannon County Clare Ireland V14 DF82 +353 61 771 500 customerservice.shannon@itwpp.com
National contact	

**National contact** 

ITW Contamination Control BV Saffierlaan 5 VZ-2132 Hoofddorp The Netherlands

Email: info@itw-cc.com

Tel: +31 88 1307 400 FAX: +31 88 1307 499 Website: www.Techsprayeu.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number			
National advisory body/Po	ison Center		
Telephone number	: EMERGENCY HEALTH INFORMATION: United Kingdom (England or Wales) 0845 46 47 or Scotland 08454 24 24 24 (UK only).		
<u>Supplier</u>			
Telephone number	: (800)-858-4043		
Hours of operation	: 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM		
Information limitations	: EMERGENCY HEALTH INFORMATION: EMERGENCY SPILL INFORMATION: Transport information		

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the sub	stance or mixture
Product definition	: Mixture
Classification according to	UK CLP/GHS
Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
The product is classified as h	azardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.
Ingredients of unknown toxicity	<ul> <li>82.5 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity 97.5 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicit 23.5 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity</li> </ul>
Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity	: Contains 25% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment
See Section 16 for the full tex	t of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more deta	ailed information on health effects and symptoms.
2.2 Label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	very toxic to aquatic me with long lasting effects.
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY For professional use only.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requiren	nents
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant	Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4/16/2024

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures :	Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
heptane	EC: 205-563-8 CAS: 142-82-5 Index: 601-008-00-2	≥50 - ≤75	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]
ethanol	EC: 200-578-6 CAS: 64-17-5 Index: 603-002-00-5	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
propan-2-ol	EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
propyl acetate	EC: 203-686-1 CAS: 109-60-4 Index: 607-024-00-6	<1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 EUH066	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.			
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.			

Date of issue/Date of revision

3/16

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

		Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion Seek medical attention.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.	

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. substance or mixture In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

		discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	1	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	-	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	-	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
6.4 Reference to other	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
sections	See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria
-----------------

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P3a	150 tonne	500 tonne
E1	100 tonne	200 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions

- : Not available.
- : Not available.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
heptane	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).		
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.		
	TWA: 2085 mg/m³ 8 hours.		
ethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).		
	TWA: 1920 mg/m³ 8 hours.		
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.		
propan-2-ol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).		
	STEL: 1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.		
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.		
	TWA: 999 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.		
propyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).		
	STEL: 1060 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.		
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.		
	TWA: 849 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.		

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/16/2024 Date of prev	vious issue : No previous validation
---	--------------------------------------

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
heptane	DNEL	Long term Oral	149 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	149 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	447 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2085 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
ethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	87 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	114 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	206 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	343 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	950 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1900 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
propan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	89 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	319 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	888 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
propyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	149 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	149 mg/m³		Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	298 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	298 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	420 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	420 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	840 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	840 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	e controls/personal protection
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	es de la companya de
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Aerosol.]
Color	: Clear. Colorless.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	<ul> <li>Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.</li> </ul>
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not applicable.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/16/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 8/16

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

•		
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	4	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	1	7.4 kPa (55.5 mm Hg)
Evaporation rate	1	>1 ((TCE=1) = 1)
Relative density	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Explosive properties	:	Not applicable
Oxidizing properties	:	Not available.
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	1	Not applicable.
9.2 Other information		
Heat of combustion	÷	37.05 kJ/g
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	÷	Spray

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity 10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

#### Acute toxicity

C50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
C50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	103 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
C50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
D50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
D50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
D50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
D50 Oral	Rat	9370 mg/kg	-
	C50 Inhalation Vapor C50 Inhalation Vapor D50 Oral D50 Dermal D50 Oral	C50 Inhalation VaporRatC50 Inhalation VaporRatD50 OralRatD50 DermalRabbitD50 OralRat	C50 Inhalation VaporRat103 g/m³C50 Inhalation VaporRat124700 mg/m³D50 OralRat7 g/kgD50 DermalRabbit12800 mg/kgD50 OralRat5000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimates

9/16

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
heptane	N/A	N/A	48000	103	N/A
ethanol	7000	N/A	N/A	124.7	N/A
propan-2-ol propyl acetate	5000 9370	12800 N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667	-
				minutes 100	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		mg 100 uL	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
propyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 500 mg	-
		T CODDIT		eee mg	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Sensitization</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicity	<u>/ (single exposure)</u>				

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
heptane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
propan-2-ol	Category 3		Narcotic effects
propyl acetate	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
heptane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4/16/2024

SECTION 11: Toxico	gical information	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness c dizziness.	or
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Symptoms related to the phy	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion Seek medical attention.	
Delayed and immediate effect	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	<u>≥</u>	
Not available.		
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	Not available.	
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
	and the second sec	

# **Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Other information

**Mutagenicity** 

: Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
heptane	Acute LC50 375000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Mozambique tilapia - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours
ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - San Francisco Brine Shrimp - Artemia	48 hours
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 4/16/2024 Date of previous issue	: No previous validation Version	:1 11/

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

		franciscana - Larvae	
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson	4 days
		trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Green algae - Ulva	96 hours
		pertusa	
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Eastern mosquitofish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	12 weeks
propan-2-ol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Harlequinfish, red rasbora - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
propyl acetate	Acute LC50 60000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
heptane	4.66	552	High
ethanol	-0.35	-	Low
propan-2-ol	0.05	-	Low
propyl acetate	1.4	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment meth <u>Product</u>	ods
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/16/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 12/16

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758 Techspray E-line Flux Remover EUR1621A-400S (UK - Great Britain)

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

```
Special precautions
```

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS IN LIMITED QUANTITIES OF CLASS 2	Aerosols, flammable
14.3 Transport	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
hazard class(es)				CAMMAE CAN
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No	No	No.	No.
Additional informati	<u>on</u>			
ADR/RID	<ul> <li>The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</li> <li>Tunnel code (D)</li> </ul>			
ADN	<ul> <li>The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</li> </ul>			
ΙΛΤΛ		amontally bazardaya ayk	stance mark may appea	r if required by other

# IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

# **14.6 Special precautions for user**: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# 14.7 Transport in bulk: Not available.according to IMOinstruments

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

## Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

## Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

## Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758 Techspray E-line Flux Remover EUR1621A-400S (UK - Great Britain)

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### No listed substance

#### **Aerosol dispensers**



#### Extremely flammable

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### Danger criteria Category P3a E1 **EU regulations** Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Air **Industrial emissions** : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Water International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed. **Montreal Protocol** Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed. **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** Not listed. **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** Not listed. **Inventory list** Australia : All components are listed or exempted. Canada : All components are listed or exempted. China : All components are listed or exempted. **Eurasian Economic Union** : Russian Federation inventory: Not determined. Japan Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. **New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted. **Republic of Korea** : All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4/16/2024

14/16

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.
15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment	<ul> <li>This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.</li> </ul>

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.
Abbreviations and acronyms       : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H222, H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications

Aerosol 1	AEROSOLS - Category 1
Aquatic Acute 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3
Date of printing	: 4/16/2024
Date of issue/ Date of	: 4/16/2024
revision	
Date of previous issue	No previous validation
Version	: 1
Notice to reader	
Date of issue/Date of revision	on : 4/16/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 15/16

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.